BCF Planning Template 2022-23

1. Guidance

Overview

Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are pre-populated have a blue background, as below:

Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

Note on viewing the sheets optimally

For a more optimal view each of the sheets and in particular the drop down lists clearly on screen, please change the zoom level between 90% - 100%. Most drop downs are also available to view as lists within the relevant sheet or in the guidance sheet for readability if required.

The details of each sheet within the template are outlined below.

Checklist (click to go to Checklist, included in the Cover sheet)

- 1. This section helps identify the sheets that have not been completed. All fields that appear as incomplete should be completed before sending to the Better Care Fund Team.
- 2. The checker column, which can be found on the individual sheets, updates automatically as questions are completed. It will appear 'Red' and contain the word 'No' if the information has not been completed. Once completed the checker column will change to 'Green' and contain the word 'Yes'
- 3. The 'sheet completed' cell will update when all 'checker' values for the sheet are green containing the word 'Yes'.
- 4. Once the checker column contains all cells marked 'Yes' the 'Incomplete Template' cell (below the title) will change to 'Template Complete'.
- 5. Please ensure that all boxes on the checklist are green before submission.

2. Cover (click to go to sheet)

- 1. The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, contacts and sign off.
- 2. Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green should the template be sent to the Better Care Fund Team: england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).

4. Income (click to go to sheet)

- 1. This sheet should be used to specify all funding contributions to the Health and Wellbeing Board's (HWB) Better Care Fund (BCF) plan and pooled budget for 2022-23. It will be pre-populated with the minimum NHS contributions to the BCF, Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) and improved Better Care Fund (iBCF). These cannot be edited.
- 2. Please select whether any additional contributions to the BCF pool are being made from local authorities or ICBs and enter the amounts in the fields highlighted in 'yellow'. These will appear as funding sources in sheet 5a when you planning expenditure.
- 3. Please use the comment boxes alongside to add any specific detail around this additional contribution.
- 4. If you are pooling any funding carried over from 2021-22 (i.e. underspends from BCF mandatory contributions) you should show these on a separate line to the other additional contributions and use the comments field to identify that these are underspends that have been rolled forward. All allocations are rounded to the nearest pound.
- 5. Allocations of the NHS minimum contribution (formerly CCG minimum) are shown as allocations from ICB to the HWB area in question. Mapping of the allocations from former CCGs to HWBs can be found in the BCF allocation spreadsheet on the BCF section of the NHS England Website.
- 6. For any questions regarding the BCF funding allocations, please contact england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).

5. Expenditure (click to go to sheet)

This sheet should be used to set out the detail of schemes that are funded via the BCF plan for the HWB, including amounts, type of activity and funding source. This information is then aggregated and used to analyse the BCF plans nationally and sets the basis for future reporting.

The information in the sheet is also used to calculate total contributions under National Conditions 2 and 3 and is used by assurers to ensure that these are met.

The table is set out to capture a range of information about how schemes are being funded and the types of services they are providing. There may be scenarios when several lines need to be completed in order to fully describe a single scheme or where a scheme is funded by multiple funding streams (eg: iBCF and NHS minimum). In this case please use a consistent scheme ID for each line to ensure integrity of aggregating and analysing schemes.

On this sheet please enter the following information:

1. Scheme ID:

- This field only permits numbers. Please enter a number to represent the Scheme ID for the scheme being entered. Please enter the same Scheme ID in this column for any schemes that are described across multiple rows.

2. Scheme Name:

- This is a free text field to aid identification during the planning process. Please use the scheme name consistently if the scheme is described across multiple lines in line with the scheme ID described above.

3. Brief Description of Scheme

- This is a free text field to include a brief headline description of the scheme being planned. The information in this field assists assurers in understanding how funding in the local BCF plan is supporting the objectives of the fund nationally and aims in your local plan.

4. Scheme Type and Sub Type:

- Please select the Scheme Type from the drop-down list that best represents the type of scheme being planned. A description of each scheme is available in tab 5b.
- Where the Scheme Types has further options to choose from, the Sub Type column alongside will be editable and turn "yellow". Please select the Sub Type from the drop down list that best describes the scheme being planned.
- Please note that the drop down list has a scroll bar to scroll through the list and all the options may not appear in one view.
- If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free field description for the scheme type in the column alongside. Please try to use pre-populated scheme types and sub types where possible, as this data is important in assurance and to our understanding of how BCF funding is being used nationally.
- The template includes a field that will inform you when more than 5% of mandatory spend is classed as other.

5. Area of Spend:

- Please select the area of spend from the drop-down list by considering the area of the health and social care system which is most supported by investing in the scheme.
- Please note that where 'Social Care' is selected and the source of funding is "NHS minimum" then the planned spend would count towards National Condition 2.
- If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free field description for the scheme type in the column alongside.
- We encourage areas to try to use the standard scheme types where possible.

6. Commissioner:

- Identify the commissioning body for the scheme based on who is responsible for commissioning the scheme from the provider.
- Please note this field is utilised in the calculations for meeting National Condition 3. Any spend that is from the funding source 'NHS minimum contribution', is commissioned by the ICB, and where the spend area is not 'acute care', will contribute to the total spend under National Condition 3. This will include expenditure that is ICB commissioned and classed as 'social care'.
- If the scheme is commissioned jointly, please select 'Joint'. Please estimate the proportion of the scheme being commissioned by the local authority and NHS and enter the respective percentages on the two columns.

7. Provider:

- Please select the type of provider commissioned to provide the scheme from the drop-down list.
- If the scheme is being provided by multiple providers, please split the scheme across multiple lines.

8. Source of Funding:

- Based on the funding sources for the BCF pool for the HWB, please select the source of funding for the scheme from the drop down list. This includes additional, voluntarily pooled contributions from either the ICB or Local authority
- If a scheme is funded from multiple sources of funding, please split the scheme across multiple lines, reflecting the financial contribution from each.

9. Expenditure (£) 2022-23:

- Please enter the planned spend for the scheme (or the scheme line, if the scheme is expressed across multiple lines)

10. New/Existing Scheme

Please indicate whether the planned scheme is a new scheme for this year or an existing scheme being carried forward.

This is the only detailed information on BCF schemes being collected centrally for 2022-23 and will inform the understanding of planned spend for the iBCF grant and spend from BCF sources on discharge.

6. Metrics (click to go to sheet)

This sheet should be used to set out the HWB's ambitions (i.e. numerical trajectories) and performance plans for each of the BCF metrics in 2022-23. The BCF policy requires trajectories and plans agreed for the fund's metrics. Systems should review current performance and set realistic, but stretching ambitions for 2022-23.

A data pack showing more up to date breakdowns of data for the discharge to usual place of residence and unplanned admissions for ambulatory care sensitive conditions is available on the Better Care Exchange.

For each metric, areas should include narratives that describe:

- a rationale for the ambition set, based on current and recent data, planned activity and expected demand
- the local plan for improving performance on this metric and meeting the ambitions through the year. This should include changes to commissioned services, joint working and how BCF funded services will support this.

- 1. Unplanned admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions:
- This section requires the area to input indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per 100,000 population by quarter in 2022-23. This will be based on NHS Outcomes Framework indicator 2.3i but using latest available population data.
- The indicator value is calculated using the indirectly standardised rate of admission per 100,000, standardised by age and gender to the national figures in reference year 2011. This is calculated by working out the SAR (observed admission/expected admissions*100) and multiplying by the crude rate for the reference year. The expected value is the observed rate during the reference year multiplied by the population of the breakdown of the year in question.
- The population data used is the latest available at the time of writing (2020)
- Actual performance for each quarter of 2021-22 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.
- Exact script used to pull pre-populated data can be found on the BCX along with the methodology used to produce the indicator value:

https://future.nhs.uk/bettercareexchange/viewdocument?docid=142269317&done=DOCCreated1&fid=21058704

- Technical definitions for the guidance can be found here:

https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/publications/statistical/nhs-outcomes-framework/march-2022/domain-2---enhancing-quality-of-life-for-people-with-long-term-conditions-nof/2.3.i-unplanned-hospitalisation-for-chronic-ambulatory-care-sensitive-conditions

2. Discharge to normal place of residence.

- Areas should agree ambitions for the percentage of people who are discharged to their normal place of residence following an inpatient stay. In 2021-22, areas were asked to set a planned percentage of discharge to the person's usual place of residence for the year as a whole. In 2022-23 areas should agree a rate for each quarter.
- The ambition should be set for the health and wellbeing board area. The data for this metric is obtained from the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) database and is collected at hospital trust. A breakdown of data from SUS by local authority of residence has been made available on the Better Care Exchange to assist areas to set ambitions.
- Ambitions should be set as the percentage of all discharges where the destination of discharge is the person's usual place of residence.
- Actual performance for each quarter of 2021-22 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.

3. Residential Admissions (RES) planning:

- This section requires inputting the expected numerator of the measure only.
- Please enter the planned number of council-supported older people (aged 65 and over) whose long-term support needs will be met by a change of setting to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care)
- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2021-22. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.
- The prepopulated denominator of the measure is the size of the older people population in the area (aged 65 and over) taken from Office for National Statistics (ONS) subnational population projections.
- The annual rate is then calculated and populated based on the entered information.

4. Reablement planning:

- This section requires inputting the information for the numerator and denominator of the measure.
- Please enter the planned denominator figure, which is the planned number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (or from hospital to a residential or nursing care home or extra care housing for rehabilitation, with a clear intention that they will move on/back to their own home).
- Please then enter the planned numerator figure, which is the expected number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (from within the denominator) that will still be at home 91 days after discharge.
- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2021-22. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.
- The annual proportion (%) Reablement measure will then be calculated and populated based on this information.

7. Planning Requirements (click to go to sheet)

This sheet requires the Health and Wellbeing Board to confirm whether the National Conditions and other Planning Requirements detailed in the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF Requirements document are met. Please refer to the BCF Policy Framework and BCF Planning Requirements documents for 2022-23 for further details.

The sheet also sets out where evidence for each Key Line of Enquiry (KLOE) will be taken from.

The KLOEs underpinning the Planning Requirements are also provided for reference as they will be utilised to assure plans by the regional assurance panel.

- 1. For each Planning Requirement please select 'Yes' or 'No' to confirm whether the requirement is met for the BCF Plan.
- 2. Where the confirmation selected is 'No', please use the comments boxes to include the actions in place towards meeting the requirement and the target timeframes.

2. Cover

Version	1.0.0		



Please Note:

- You are reminded that much of the data in this template, to which you have privileged access, is management information only and is not in the to be shared more widely than is necessary to complete the return.
- Please prevent inappropriate use by treating this information as restricted, refrain from passing information on to others and use it only for the provided. Any accidental or wrongful release should be reported immediately and may lead to an inquiry. Wrongful release includes indications c such descriptions as "favourable" or "unfavourable".
- Please note that national data for plans is intended for release in aggregate form once plans have been assured, agreed and baselined as per the in the BCF Planning Requirements for 2022-23.
- This template is password protected to ensure data integrity and accurate aggregation of collected information. A resubmission may be require
- Where BCF plans are signed off under a delegated authority it must be reflected in the HWB's governance arrangements.

Health and Wellbeing Board:	Sandwell
Completed by:	Paul Moseley
completed by:	1 dai Moscicy
E-mail:	paul_moseley@sandwell.gov.uk
Contact number:	07770 728186
Has this plan been signed off by the HWB (or delegated authority) at the time of submission?	Yes
If no please indicate when the HWB is expected to sign off the plan:	Wed 07/12/2022
If using a delegated authority, please state who is signing off the BCF plan:	Rashpal Bishop

Please indicate who is signing off the plan for submission on behalf of the HWB (delegated authority is also accepted):

	(
Job Title:	Director of Adult Social Services
Name:	Rashpal Bishop

	Role:	Professional Title (e.g. Dr, Cllr, Prof)	First-name:
Area Assurance Contact Details:	Health and Wellbeing Board Chair	Cllr	Suzanne
	Integrated Care Board Chief Executive or person to whom they have delegated sign-off		Mark
	Additional ICB(s) contacts if relevant		Michelle
	Local Authority Chief Executive		Kim
	Local Authority Director of Adult Social Services (or equivalent)		Rashpal
	Better Care Fund Lead Official		Paul
	LA Section 151 Officer		Simone
lease add further area contacts nat you would wish to be included			
official correspondence e.g.			
ousing or trusts that have been art of the process>			

Question Completion - When all questions have been answered and the validation boxes below have turned green, please send the template to the Better Care Fund Team england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'. Please also copy in your Better Care Manager.

Please see the Checklist below for further details on incomplete fields

	Complete:
2. Cover	Yes
4. Income	Yes
5a. Expenditure	Yes
6. Metrics	No
7. Planning Requirements	Yes

<< Link to the Guidance sheet

^^ Link back to top



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purposes for which it is of the content, including

ne due process outlined

d if this is breached.

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3. Summary

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board: Sandwell

Income & Expenditure

Income >>

Funding Sources	Income	Expenditure	Difference
DFG	£4,728,713	£4,728,713	£0
Minimum NHS Contribution	£29,976,220	£29,976,220	£0
iBCF	£23,021,429	£23,021,429	£0
Additional LA Contribution	£2,264,171	£2,264,171	£0
Additional ICB Contribution	£0	£0	£0
Total	£59,990,533	£59,990,533	£0

Expenditure >>

NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the minimum ICB allocation

Minimum required spend	£8,435,492
Planned spend	£12,167,220

Adult Social Care services spend from the minimum ICB allocations

Minimum required spend	£18,357,092
Planned spend	£19,621,866

Scheme Types

serieme Types		
Assistive Technologies and Equipment	£2,618,000	(4.4%)
Care Act Implementation Related Duties	£550,000	(0.9%)
Carers Services	£0	(0.0%)
Community Based Schemes	£5,058,733	(8.4%)
DFG Related Schemes	£4,728,713	(7.9%)
Enablers for Integration	£1,542,541	(2.6%)
High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of	£3,825,485	(6.4%)
Home Care or Domiciliary Care	£1,804,850	(3.0%)
Housing Related Schemes	£53,000	(0.1%)
Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	£5,916,000	(9.9%)
Bed based intermediate Care Services	£7,804,142	(13.0%)
Reablement in a persons own home	£12,555,115	(20.9%)
Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning	£110,700	(0.2%)
Personalised Care at Home	£1,185,000	(2.0%)
Prevention / Early Intervention	£2,440,000	(4.1%)
Residential Placements	£9,798,254	(16.3%)
Other	£0	(0.0%)
Total	£59,990,533	

Metrics >>

Avoidable admissions

	2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3
	Plan	Plan	Plan
Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ambulatory care sensitive			
conditions			
(Rate per 100,000 population)			

Discharge to normal place of residence

	2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3
	Plan	Plan	Plan
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal place of residence	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%
(SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)			

Residential Admissions

		2020-21 Actual	2022-23 Plan
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Annual Rate	710	699

Reablement

		2022-23 Plan
Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services	Annual (%)	68.0%

Planning Requirements >>

Theme	Code	Response
	PR1	Yes
NC1: Jointly agreed plan	PR2	Yes
	PR3	Yes
NC2: Social Care Maintenance	PR4	Yes
NC3: NHS commissioned Out of Hospital Services	PR5	Yes
NC4: Implementing the BCF policy objectives	PR6	Yes
Agreed expenditure plan for all elements of the BCF	PR7	Yes
Metrics	PR8	Yes

4. Income

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Sandwell

Local Authority Contribution	
	Gross
Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG)	Contribution
Sandwell	£4,728,713
DFG breakdown for two-tier areas only (where applicable)	
Total Minimum LA Contribution (exc iBCF)	£4,728,713

iBCF Contribution	Contribution
Sandwell	£23,021,429
Total iBCF Contribution	£23,021,429

Are any additional LA Contributions being	made in 2022-23? If
yes, please detail below	Yes

		Comments - Please use this box clarify any
Local Authority Additional Contribution	Contribution	specific uses or sources of funding
Sandwell	£566,000	Additional investment in emergency community
Sandwell	£198,171	Additional investment in 7 day working model
Sandwell	£1,500,000	Funding for LD care navigation schemes
Total Additional Local Authority Contribution	£2,264,171	

NHS Minimum Contribution	Contribution
NHS Black Country ICB	£29,976,220
Total NHS Minimum Contribution	£29,976,220

Are any additional ICB Contributions being made in 2022-23? If yes, please detail below

No

Additional ICB Contribution		Comments - Please use this box clarify any specific uses or sources of funding
		-
Total Additional NHS Contribution	£0	
Total NHS Contribution	£29,976,220	

	2021-22
Total BCF Pooled Budget	£59,990,533

Funding Contributions Comments Optional for any useful detail e.g. Carry over		
Optional for any useful detail e.g. Carry over		
	_	

5. Expenditure

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Sandwell

<< Link to summary sheet

Running Balances	Income
DFG	£4,728,713
Minimum NHS Contribution	£29,976,220
iBCF	£23,021,429
Additional LA Contribution	£2,264,171
Additional NHS Contribution	£0
Total	£59,990,533

Required Spend

This is in relation to National Conditions 2 and 3 only. It does NOT make up the t

	Minimun
NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the minimum ICB allocation	
Adult Social Care services spend from the minimum ICB allocations	

Checklist					
Column com	nplete:				
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sheet com	plete				

Scheme ID	Scheme Name	Brief Description of Scheme	Scheme Type	Sub Types	Please specify if 'Scheme Type' is 'Other'
1	Stroke Support	To provide advice, guidance and support to enable stroke survivors	Community Based Schemes	Integrated neighbourhood services	
18	Programme Management	BCF Programme Manager Costs	Enablers for Integration	Programme management	
24	Community Therapy & Hospital	Helping vulnerable and frail people stay independent at home to	Reablement in a persons own home	Reablement service accepting community and	
29	D2A Staffing - NHS	Hub clinical lead		Home First/Discharge to Assess - process	
43	Continuing Healthcare Assessors	Timely & Effective Discharge - CHC assessors (nurses)	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	Assessment teams/joint assessment	
44	GP support to EAB units	Timely & Effective Discharge - GP support to step-up/step-down	Bed based intermediate Care Services	Step down (discharge to assess pathway-2)	Enhancing Health in Care Homes
49	Blue Light Project	Early intervention service targeting street drinkers to help avoid	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting	
51	Better discharge co-ordination for EOL patients	Rapid response to step down fast-track CHC patients	High Impact Change Model for Managing	Improved discharge to Care Homes	
52	Additional Admission Avoidance	Additional capacity for Admission Avoidance	Reablement in a persons own home	Rapid/Crisis Response - step up (2 hr response)	
53	48 hours post discharge follow- up	Post discharge welfare checks	Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing	
54		Specialist support for frail elderly in A&E	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	Care navigation and planning	
55		Provider attendance at community bed MDTs	High Impact Change Model for Managing	Multi- Disciplinary/Multi- Agency Discharge	
56		Wrap-around clinical support to care homes to reduce emergency	Bed based intermediate Care Services	Rapid/Crisis	

58	Pathway 1 and 2	Additional community	Community Based	Multidisciplinary	
30	transformation	capacity to support	Schemes	teams that are	
	transior mation	Home First and D2A	Seriemes	supporting	
59	ICP Programme	Project team for	Enablers for	Programme	
33	Support	community	Integration	management	
	Зиррогс	transformation	Integration	management	
60	IDH Admin Posts	Administration support	High Impact	Home	
00	IDIT Adillili FOSES	to integrated discharge	Change Model for		
		hub	Managing	Assess - process	
67	Integrated Health	Short term community	Bed based	Step down	
07	and Social Care	beds providing	intermediate Care	(discharge to	
	Centre	reablement and therapy		assess pathway-2)	
70	Discharge co-	Discharge co-ordinators	High Impact	Home	
70	ordinators	for acute wards (3	Change Model for		
	Ordinators	months)	Managing	Assess - process	
73	Covid-19	Contingency provision	Residential	Discharge from	
/3	community beds	to support Covid-19	Placements	hospital (with	
	(GP support)	discharges	Placements	reablement) to	
74	Pathway 1 and 2	Additional community	Community Daged	Multidisciplinary	
74	transformation -	•	Community Based Schemes	teams that are	
	90 placements	capacity to support Home First and D2A	Schemes	supporting	
75	Pathway 1 and 2		Community Dogs		
75	•	Additional community	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are	
		capacity to support Home First and D2A	Schemes		
7.0	placements (iBCF		High Images	supporting	
76	7 day working	Additional staffing to	High Impact	Flexible working	
		support 7 day working	Change Model for	patterns	
70	7.1	model (SWBHT)	Managing	(including 7 day	
78	7 day working	Additional staffing to	High Impact	Flexible working	
		support 7 day working	Change Model for	patterns	
70	7.1.	model (ICB)	Managing	(including 7 day	
79	7 day working	Additional staffing to	High Impact	Flexible working	
		support 7 day working	Change Model for	patterns	
		model (SWBHT)	Managing	(including 7 day	

Expenditure	Balance
£4,728,713	£0
£29,976,220	£0
£23,021,429	£0
£2,264,171	£0
£0	£0
£59,990,533	£0

otal Minimum CCG Contribution (on row 31 above).

otal Millimum CC	3 Continuation (on row 31 above).	
n Required Spend	Planned Spend	Under Spend
£8,435,492	£12,167,220	£0
£18,357,092	£19,621,866	£0

>> Link to further guidance

Planned Expenditure								
Area of Spend	Please specify if 'Area of Spend' is 'other'	Commissioner	% NHS (if Joint Commissioner)	% LA (if Joint Commissioner)		Source of Funding	Expenditure (£)	New/ Existing Scheme
Community Health		CCG			Charity / Voluntary Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	£85,017	Existing
Other	Joint health and social care	ccg			ccg	Minimum NHS Contribution	£83,055	Existing
Community Health		ccg			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£4,504,115	Existing
Community Health		ccg			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£34,000	New
Community Health		CCG			CCG	Minimum NHS Contribution	£457,000	Existing
Primary Care		CCG			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£310,000	Existing
Other	Public Health	LA			Local Authority	iBCF	£91,000	Existing
Community Health		CCG			NHS Acute Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£172,000	Existing
Community Health		CCG			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£678,000	Existing
Community Health		CCG			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£59,000	Existing
Acute		ccg			NHS Acute Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£83,000	Existing
Community Health		ccg			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£17,000	Existing
Social Care		CCG			NHS Community Provider	iBCF	£580,000	Existing

Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£3,094,716	Existing
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£410,884	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£111,000	New
Social Care	LA		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£2,000,000	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£50,000	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£13,500	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	£192,067	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	iBCF	£1,107,933	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	iBCF	£4,894	New
Community Health	CCG		CCG	Additional LA Contribution	£8,910	New
Community Health	CCG		NHS Community Provider	Additional LA Contribution	£68,546	New

Further guidance for completing Expe

National Conditions 2 & 3

Schemes tagged with the following will count towards t

- Area of spend selected as 'Social Care'
- Source of funding selected as 'Minimum NHS Contrib

Schemes tagged with the below will count towards the

- Area of spend selected with anything except 'Acute'
- Commissioner selected as 'ICB' (if 'Joint' is selected, c
- Source of funding selected as 'Minimum NHS Contrib

2022-23 Revised Scheme types

Number	Scheme type/ services
1	Assistive Technologies and Equipment
2	Care Act Implementation Related Duties
3	Carers Services
4	Community Based Schemes
5	DFG Related Schemes
6	Enablers for Integration

Ī	Ui-b land of Change Mandal for Managina Transfer of Cana
7	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care
8	Home Care or Domiciliary Care
9	Housing Related Schemes
10	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation
	integrated care righting and Navigation
11	Bed based intermediate Care Services
12	Reablement in a persons own home
13	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning
14	Personalised Care at Home
15	Prevention / Early Intervention
	<u> </u>

16	Residential Placements
18	Other

enditure sheet

the planned Adult Social Care services spend from the NHS min:
oution'
planned Out of Hospital spend from the NHS min:
only the NHS % will contribute) oution'

Sub type

- 1. Telecare
- 2. Wellness services
- 3. Digital participation services
- 4. Community based equipment
- 5. Other
- 1. Carer advice and support
- 2. Independent Mental Health Advocacy
- 3. Safeguarding
- 4. Other
- 1. Respite Services
- 2. Other
- 1. Integrated neighbourhood services
- 2. Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as anticipatory care
- 3. Low level support for simple hospital discharges (Discharge to Assess pathway 0)
- 4. Other
- 1. Adaptations, including statutory DFG grants
- 2. Discretionary use of DFG including small adaptations
- 3. Handyperson services
- 4. Other
- 1. Data Integration
- 2. System IT Interoperability
- 3. Programme management
- 4. Research and evaluation
- 5. Workforce development
- 6. Community asset mapping
- 7. New governance arrangements
- 8. Voluntary Sector Business Development
- 9. Employment services
- 10. Joint commissioning infrastructure
- 11. Integrated models of provision
- 12. Other

1. Early Discharge Planning
2. Monitoring and responding to system demand and capacity
3. Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge
4. Home First/Discharge to Assess - process support/core costs
5. Flexible working patterns (including 7 day working)
6. Trusted Assessment
7. Engagement and Choice
8. Improved discharge to Care Homes
9. Housing and related services
10. Red Bag scheme
11. Other
1. Domiciliary care packages
2. Domiciliary care to support hospital discharge (Discharge to Assess pathway 1)
3. Domiciliary care workforce development
4. Other
1. Care navigation and planning
2. Assessment teams/joint assessment
3. Support for implementation of anticipatory care
4. Other
1. Step down (discharge to assess pathway-2)
2. Step up
3. Rapid/Crisis Response
4. Other
1. Preventing admissions to acute setting
2. Reablement to support discharge -step down (Discharge to Assess pathway 1)
3. Rapid/Crisis Response - step up (2 hr response)
4. Reablement service accepting community and discharge referrals
5. Other
1. Mental health (wellheing
1. Mental health /wellbeing 2. Physical health/wellbeing
3. Other
1. Casial Brasswiking
1. Social Prescribing
2. Risk Stratification
3. Choice Policy 4. Other
- Other

1. Supported living
2. Supported accommodation
3. Learning disability
4. Extra care
5. Care home
6. Nursing home
7. Discharge from hospital (with reablement) to long term residential care (Discharge to Assess Pathway 3)
8. Other

Description

Using technology in care processes to supportive self-management, maintenance of independence and more efficient and effective delivery of care. (eg. Telecare, Wellness services, Community based equipment, Digital participation services).

Funding planned towards the implementation of Care Act related duties. The specific scheme sub types reflect specific duties that are funded via the NHS minimum contribution to the BCF.

Supporting people to sustain their role as carers and reduce the likelihood of crisis.

This might include respite care/carers breaks, information, assessment, emotional and physical support, training, access to services to support wellbeing and improve independence.

Schemes that are based in the community and constitute a range of cross sector practitioners delivering collaborative services in the community typically at a neighbourhood/PCN level (eg: Integrated Neighbourhood Teams)

Reablement services should be recorded under the specific scheme type 'Reablement in a person's own home'

The DFG is a means-tested capital grant to help meet the costs of adapting a property; supporting people to stay independent in their own homes.

The grant can also be used to fund discretionary, capital spend to support people to remain independent in their own homes under a Regulatory Reform Order, if a published policy on doing so is in place. Schemes using this flexibility can be recorded under 'discretionary use of DFG' or 'handyperson services' as appropriate

Schemes that build and develop the enabling foundations of health, social care and housing integration, encompassing a wide range of potential areas including technology, workforce, market development (Voluntary Sector Business Development: Funding the business development and preparedness of local voluntary sector into provider Alliances/ Collaboratives) and programme management related schemes.

Joint commissioning infrastructure includes any personnel or teams that enable joint commissioning. Schemes could be focused on Data Integration, System IT Interoperability, Programme management, Research and evaluation, Supporting the Care Market, Workforce development, Community asset mapping, New governance arrangements, Voluntary Sector Development, Employment services, Joint commissioning infrastructure amongst others.

The eight changes or approaches identified as having a high impact on supporting timely and effective discharge through joint working across the social and health system. The Hospital to Home Transfer Protocol or the 'Red Bag' scheme, while not in the HICM, is included in this section.

A range of services that aim to help people live in their own homes through the provision of domiciliary care including personal care, domestic tasks, shopping, home maintenance and social activities. Home care can link with other services in the community, such as supported housing, community health services and voluntary sector services.

This covers expenditure on housing and housing-related services other than adaptations; eg: supported housing units.

Care navigation services help people find their way to appropriate services and support and consequently support self-management. Also, the assistance offered to people in navigating through the complex health and social care systems (across primary care, community and voluntary services and social care) to overcome barriers in accessing the most appropriate care and support. Multi-agency teams typically provide these services which can be online or face to face care navigators for frail elderly, or dementia navigators etc. This includes approaches such as Anticipatory Care, which aims to provide holistic, co-ordinated care for complex individuals.

Integrated care planning constitutes a co-ordinated, person centred and proactive case management approach to conduct joint assessments of care needs and develop integrated care plans typically carried out by professionals as part of a multi-disciplinary, multi-agency teams.

Note: For Multi-Disciplinary Discharge Teams related specifically to discharge, please select HICM as scheme type and the relevant sub-type. Where the planned unit of care delivery and funding is in the form of Integrated care packages and needs to be expressed in such a manner, please select the appropriate sub-type alongside.

Short-term intervention to preserve the independence of people who might otherwise face unnecessarily prolonged hospital stays or avoidable admission to hospital or residential care. The care is person-centred and often delivered by a combination of professional groups. Four service models of intermediate care are: bed-based intermediate care, crisis or rapid response (including falls), home-based intermediate care, and reablement or rehabilitation. Home-based intermediate care is covered in Scheme-A and the other three models are available on the sub-types.

Provides support in your own home to improve your confidence and ability to live as independently as possible

Various person centred approaches to commissioning and budgeting, including direct payments.

Schemes specifically designed to ensure that a person can continue to live at home, through the provision of health related support at home often complemented with support for home care needs or mental health needs. This could include promoting self-management/expert patient, establishment of 'home ward' for intensive period or to deliver support over the longer term to maintain independence or offer end of life care for people. Intermediate care services provide shorter term support and care interventions as opposed to the ongoing support provided in this scheme type.

Services or schemes where the population or identified high-risk groups are empowered and activated to live well in the holistic sense thereby helping prevent people from entering the care system in the first place. These are essentially upstream prevention initiatives to promote independence and well being.

Residential placements provide accommodation for people with learning or physical disabilities, mental health difficulties or with sight or hearing loss, who need more intensive or specialised support than can be provided at home.

Where the scheme is not adequately represented by the above scheme types, please outline the objectives and services planned for the scheme in a short description in the comments column.

6. Metrics

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board: Sandwell

8.1 Avoidable admissions

		2021-22 Q1	2021-22 Q2	2021-22 Q3	2021-22 Q4	
	_	Actual	Actual	Actual		Rationale for how ambition v
Indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per	Indicator value	1,016	1,082	1,165	989	The 2021-22 actuals are inco
100,000 population		2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3	2022-23 Q4	have been superceded. The
		Plan			Plan	is the actual. New 2022/23
(See Guidance)						reflect quarter on quarter gr
(See Gardanice)	Indicator value	237	283	304	300	compared to 2021/22 with to

>> link to NHS Digital webpage (for more detailed guidance)

8.3 Discharge to usual place of residence

		2021-22 Q1	2021-22 Q2	2021-22 Q3	2021-22 Q4	
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Rationale for how ambition
	Quarter (%)	93.3%	94.6%	93.9%		Ambition taken from Hospita
	Numerator	6,978	7,175	6,963	6,821	Service Requirements which
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal	Denominator	7,477	7,585	7,413	7,269	95% of patients leaving hosp mean that (where it is needs
place of residence (SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)		2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3		assessment and organising o
		Plan	Plan	Plan		care will take place when the
	Quarter (%)	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	own home.
	Numerator	7,298	7,388	7,234		
	Denominator	7,682	7,776	7,615	7,465	

8.4 Residential Admissions

		2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	
		Actual	Plan	estimated	Plan	Rationale for how ambition
						Sandwell has a relatively hig
Long term support peods of older people (age 65	Annual Rate	710.0	715.6	725.5	698.7	of over 65's living with comp
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population						term conditions compared to
	Numerator	350	360	365	355	neighbouring Local Authoriti
						stretch targets for reducing c
	Denominator	49,298	50,307	50,307	50,810	admissions is a challenge for

Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population (aged 65+) using the 2018 based Sub-National Population Projections for Local Authorities in England:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/releases/subnationalpopulationprojectionsforengland2018based

8.5 Reablement

		2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	
		Actual	Plan	estimated	Plan	Rationale for how ambition
						Sandwell has a relatively hig
Dranartian of older needle (SE and ever) who	Annual (%)	60.3%	66.9%	65.6%	68.0%	of over 65's living with comp
Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services						term conditions compared to
	Numerator	176	222	246	255	neighbouring Local Authoriti
						stretch targets for reducing c
	Denominator	292	332	375	375	admissions is a challenge for

Please note that due to the demerging of Northamptonshire, information from previous years will not reflect the present geographies.

As such, the following adjustments have been made for the pre-populated figures above:

- 2020-21 actuals (for **Residential Admissions** and **Reablement**) for <u>North Northamptonshire</u> and <u>West Northamptonshire</u> are using the <u>Northamptons</u>
- 2021-22 and 2022-23 population projections (i.e. the denominator for **Residential Admissions**) have been calculated from a ratio based on the 2020-2

was set	Local plan to meet ambition
	Transformation of community services
2022-23 Q1	and opening of new integrated care centre will see a stronger focus on step-
olan values	centre will see a stronger focus on step-
owth of 4.5%	up interventions from 2022/23,
ne exception	supporting more people to avoid

was set	Local plan to meet ambition
al Discharge	Plans are underway to repurpose
state that for	investment in traditional community beds
ital this will	and into more home-based packages of
ed), the	support to enable more people to be
f ongoing	discharged to their normal place of
ey are in their	residence.

was set	Local plan to meet ambition
h proportion	The new integrated care centre and
lex or long	investments in home-based care
)	placements in 2022/23 will help to reduce
es so setting	the rate of permanent admissions to care
are home	homes for Sandwell residents
Sandwell.	

population projections are based on a calendar year

was set	Local plan to meet ambition
h proportion	Increased investment in the Home First
lex or long	approach together with ongoing investments in the Voluntary and
0	investments in the Voluntary and
es so setting	Community Sector and community
care home	services providing follow-up telephone
Sandwell. A	calls and interventions 48 hours following

hire combined figure; 21 estimates.

7. Confirmation of Planning Requirements

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

		Planning Requirement
Theme	Code	
	PR1	A jointly developed and agreed plan that all parties sign up to
	PR2	A clear narrative for the integration of health and social care
NC1: Jointly agreed plan		
	PR3	A strategic, joined up plan for Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) spending
NC2: Social Care Maintenance	PR4	A demonstration of how the area will maintain the level of spending on social care services from the NHS minimum contribution to the fund in line with the uplift in the overall contribution
NC3: NHS commissioned Out of Hospital Services	PR5	Has the area committed to spend at equal to or above the minimum allocation for NHS commissioned out of hospital services from the NHS minimum BCF contribution?
NC4: Implementing the BCF policy objectives	PR6	Is there an agreed approach to implementing the BCF policy objectives, including a capacity and demand plan for intermediate care services?

Agreed expenditure plan for all elements of the BCF	PR7	Is there a confirmation that the components of the Better Care Fund pool that are earmarked for a purpose are being planned to be used for that purpose?
Metrics	PR8	Does the plan set stretching metrics and are there clear and ambitious plans for delivering these?

Key considerations for meeting the planning requirement	Confirmed through
These are the Key Lines of Enquiry (KLOEs) underpinning the Planning Requirements (PR)	
Has a plan; jointly developed and agreed between ICB(s) and LA; been submitted?	Cover sheet
Has the HWB approved the plan/delegated approval?	Cover sheet
Have local partners, including providers, VCS representatives and local authority service leads (including housing and DFG leads) been involved in the development of the plan?	Narrative plan
Where the narrative section of the plan has been agreed across more than one HWB, have individual income, expenditure and metric sections of the plan been submitted for each HWB concerned?	Validation of submitted plans
Is there a narrative plan for the HWB that describes the approach to delivering integrated health and social care that describes:	Narrative plan
• How the area will continue to implement a joined-up approach to integrated, person-centred services across health, care, housing and wider public services locally	
The approach to collaborative commissioning	
 How the plan will contribute to reducing health inequalities and disparities for the local population, taking account of people with protected characteristics? This should include How equality impacts of the local BCF plan have been considered 	
- Changes to local priorities related to health inequality and equality, including as a result of the COVID 19 pandemic, and how activities in the document will address these.	
The area will need to also take into account Priorities and Operational Guidelines regarding health inequalities, as well as local authorities' priorities under the Equality Act and NHS actions in line with Core20PLUSS. Is there confirmation that use of DFG has been agreed with housing authorities?	
• Does the narrative set out a strategic approach to using housing support, including use of DFG funding that supports independence at home?	Narrative plan
 In two tier areas, has: Agreement been reached on the amount of DFG funding to be passed to district councils to cover statutory DFG? or The funding been passed in its entirety to district councils? 	Confirmation sheet
	Auto-validated on the planning template
Does the total spend from the NHS minimum contribution on non-acute, NHS commissioned care exceed the minimum ringfence (auto-validated on the planning template)?	Auto-validated on the planning template
Does the plan include an agreed approach for meeting the two BCF policy objectives: - Enable people to stay well, safe and independent at home for longer and - Provide the right care in the right place at the right time?	Narrative plan
• Does the expenditure plan detail how expenditure from BCF funding sources supports this approach through the financial year?	Expenditure tab
•Has the area submitted a Capacity and Demand Plan alongside their BCF plan, using the template provided?	C&D template and narrative
• Does the narrative plan confirm that the area has conducted a self-assessment of the area's implementation of the High Impact	Narrative plan
Does the plan include actions going forward to improve performance against the HICM?	Narrative template

Do expenditure plans for each element of the BCF pool match the funding inputs? (auto-validated)	Expenditure tab
• Is there confirmation that the use of grant funding is in line with the relevant grant conditions? (see paragraphs 31 – 43 of Planning	Expenditure plans and confirmation sheet
Requirements) (tick-box)	Narrativa plan
Has the area included a description of how BCF funding is being used to support unpaid carers?	Narrative plan
	Narrative plans, expenditure tab and
Has funding for the following from the NHS contribution been identified for the area:	confirmation sheet
- Implementation of Care Act duties?	
- Funding dedicated to carer-specific support?	
- Reablement?	
Have stretching ambitions been agreed locally for all BCF metrics?	Metrics tab
Is there a clear narrative for each metric setting out:	
- the rationale for the ambition set, and	
- the local plan to meet this ambition?	

Please confirm whether your BCF plan meets the Planning Requirement?	Please note any supporting documents referred to and relevant page numbers to assist the assurers	Where the Planning requirement is not met, please note the actions in place towards meeting the requirement	Where the Planning requirement is not met, please note the anticipated timeframe for meeting it
Yes	Narrative plan page 2 (cover sheet) and page 4 (governance)		
Yes	Narrative plan pages 6- 7 and pages 10-11 Narrative plan pages 19-21		
Yes	P16-18 of narrative plan		
Yes			
Yes			
Yes	P7-14 of narrative plan. P14 of narrative plan		

Yes	Narrative plan pages 14-16	
Yes		